



ANNEX 1.2

DIDACTIC COURSE REGULATIONS MASTER'S DEGREE IN STRUCTURAL AND GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING CLASS LM- 23

School: Polytechnic and Basic Sciences Department: Structures for Engineering and Architecture Regulations in force as from academic year 2024/2025

CURRICULUM

LEGEND

TYPE OF TRAINING ACTIVITY (TAF):

- **B** = Characterising
- C = Related or supplementary
- **D** = Activity of choice
- E = Final examination and language knwoledge
- **F** = Further training activities

Course in English

Possibility for the student to opt for the route entirely in English

					I YEAR				
Name Teaching	SSD	Module	CFU	Hou rs	Type Activities (lecture, workshop, etc.)	Mode (in presence, remote)	TAF	Disciplinary scope	Mandatory / optional
Fondazioni - I semester	ICAR/07	single		72		In presence		Civil	Mandatory
Static and seismic foundation design - II semester	ICAR/07	single	9	72	Frontal lesson	In presence	В	Engineering	(one of your choice)
Dinamica delle Costruzioni ed ingegneria Sismica - I semester	ICAR/09	single	9	72	Frontal lesson	In presence	В	Civil	Mandatory (one of your
Earthquake engineering and structural control - I semester	ICAR/09	single		72		In presence		engineering	choice)
Course of your choice from Table B	various	single	9	72	Frontal lesson	In presence	С	Related or supplementary	Mandatory (one of your choice)
Teoria e Progetto delle costruzioni in c.a II semester	ICAR/09	single		72		In presence			
Theory and design of reinforced concrete structures - II semester	ICAR/09	single	9	72	Frontal lesson	In presence	В	Civil	Mandatory (one of your
Teoria e Progetto delle costruzioni in acciaio - Il semester	ICAR/09	single		72		In presence		Engineering	choice)
Theory and design of steel constructions - Il semester	ICAR/09	single		72		In presence			

Analisi limite delle Strutture - II Semester	ICAR/08	single	0	72	Lesson	In presence	в	Civil	Mandatory (one of your
Limit analysis of structures - I semester	ICAR/08	single	9	72	front	In presence	D	Engineering	choice)
Course of your choice from Table B	various	single	9	72	Frontal lesson	In presence	С	Related or supplementary	Mandatory (one of your choice)

					II YEAR				
Name Teaching	SSD	Module	CFU	Hour s	Type Activities (lecture, workshop, etc.)	Mode (in presence, remote)	TAF	Disciplinary scope	Mandatory / optional
Consolidamento delle strutture in c.a I semester	ICAR/09	single		72		In presence			
Progetto e consolidamento di strtutture in murature - I semester	ICAR/09	single	9	72	Frontal lesson	In presence	В	Civil	Mandatory (one of your
Strutture speciali e Progetto di strutture resistenti al fuoco - I semester	ICAR/09	single		72		In presence		Engineering	choice)
Teoria e Progetto di ponti - I semester	ICAR/09	single		72		In presence			
Opere di sostegno - I semester	ICAR/07	single		72		In presence		0 1 11	Mandatory
Dinamica dei terreni e geotecnica sismica - I semester	ICAR/07	single	9	72	Frontal lesson	In presence	В	Civil Engineering	(one of your choice)
Curricular activities of the student's choice from Table A3	ICAR/09	single	9	72	Frontal lesson	In presence	В	Civil Engineering	Mandatory (one of your choice)
Curricular training activities chosen by the student from Table B (see note §)	ICAR/07 ICAR/08 ICAR/09	single	9	72	Frontal lesson	In presence	С	Related or supplementary	Mandatory (one of your choice)
Curricular activities of the student's own choice from Table B (see notes § and +)	various	single	9	72	Frontal lesson	In presence	D	Independent student choice activities	Mandatory (one of your choice)
Knowledge of the English language		single	1				F	Further training activities	Mandatory
Internship	various	single	8	200	internship	In presence	F	Further training activities	Mandatory
Thesis dissertation			12				E	Other Activities	Mandatory

(§) Teaching may possibly be brought forward with regard to the year.

(+) CFU may be spent in whole or in part on teaching or on internship activities coordinated with the final examination. It is in principle possible for the student to choose an examination other than from table B, provided that it is congruent with the training pathway of the STReGA degree course. Any such choice is subject to the approval of the educational coordination committee, whereas the choice from table B is automatically approved.

Course in English

				Y	YEAR I				
Title Course	SSD	Module	ECTS	Hours	Type activities	Course modalities	TAF	Disciplinary Area	Mandatory / optional
Additional training requirements, if necessary (Table C) - I semester	Several	See Table C	0/9/ 18	/	Frontal lesson	In presence	D	Independent student choice activities	Mandatory if necessary
Earthquake engineering and structural control - I semester	ICAR/09	single	9	72	Frontal lesson	In presence	В	Civil Engineering	Mandatory
Limit analysis of structures - I semester	ICAR/08	single	9	72	Frontal lesson	In presence	В	Civil Engineering	Mandatory
Static and seismic foundation design - II semester	ICAR/07	single	9	72	Frontal lesson	In presence	В	Civil Engineering	Mandatory
Theory and design of renforced concrete structures - II semester	ICAR/09	single	9	72	Frontal lesson	In presence	В	Civil	Mandatory (one of your
Assessment and retrofit of structures - I semester	ICAR/09	single		72		In presence		Engineering	choice)
Theory and design of steel constructions - Il semester	ICAR/09	single	9	72	Frontal lesson	In presence	В	Civil	Mandatory (one of your
Advanced metallic structures - II semester	ICAR/09	single		72			В	Engineering	choice)
Advanced applied engineering mathematics - II semester	MAT/07	single	9	72	Frontal lesson	In presence	С	Related or supplementary	Optional

				١	′EAR II*				
Title Course	SSD	Module	ECTS	н	Type activities	Course modalities	TAF	Disciplinary Area	Mandatory / optional
FEM in non-linear structural analysis - I semester	ICAR/08	single	9	72	Frontal lesson	In presence	В	Civil Engineering	
Mechanics of composite and advanced materials - I semester	ICAR/08	single	9	72	Frontal lesson	In presence	С	Related or supplementary	Mandatory (two to four
Assessment and retrofit of structures - I semester	ICAR/09	single	9	72	Frontal lesson	In presence	В	Civil Engineering	of your choice)
Theory and design of bridges - I semester	ICAR/09	single	9	72	Frontal lesson	In presence	В	Civil Engineering	
Structural reliability - I semester	ICAR/09	single	9	72	Frontal lesson	In presence	С	Related or supplementary	
Advanced metallic structures - II semester	ICAR/09	single	9	72	Frontal lesson	In presence	В	Civil Engineering	
Advanced applied engineering mathematics - II semester	MAT/07	single	9	72	Frontal lesson	In presence	С	Related or supplementary	Mandatory
Innovative building materials ⁽¹⁾ - II semester	ICAR/09	single	9	72	Frontal lesson	In presence	В	Civil Engineering	(two to three of your
Geotechnical modelling ⁽¹⁾ - Il semester	ICAR/07	single	9	72	Frontal lesson	In presence	С	Related or supplementary	choice)
Tunnels and underground structures ⁽¹⁾ - II semester	ICAR/07	single	9	72	Frontal lesson	In presence	С	Related or supplementary	
Internship			9	225	internship	In presence	F	Further training activities	Mandatory
Thesis dissertation			12				E	Final examination	Mandatory

⁽¹⁾ Second-year - II semester subjects that can be brought forward to the first year, subject to verification of the Bachelor's degree course and individual study plan by the Study Plan Committee.

*During the second year it is mandatory to choose at least two courses TAF B and at least two courses TAF C according to the Degree Programme.

Table A1 - Geotechnical Engineering List

Teaching or training activity	CFU	SSD	TAF
I YEAR		·	
Stabilità dei pendii (LM Environmental and Land Engineering) (II semester)	9	ICAR/07	С
Geotecnica delle Infrastrutture (II semester)	9	ICAR/07	C
Consolidamento dei terreni e delle rocce (II semester)	9	ICAR/07	С
°) Static and seismic foundation design (II semester)	9	ICAR/07	В
II YEAR			
Opere di sostegno (I semester)	9	ICAR/07	В
Dinamica dei terreni e geotecnica sismica (I semester) ((if not chosen (°))	9	ICAR/07	В
Indagine e monitoraggio geotecnico (II semester)	9	ICAR/07	C
Tunnels and underground structures (II semester)	9	ICAR/07	C
Geotechnical modelling (II semester)	9	ICAR/07	C

Table A2 - Construction Science List

Teaching or training activity	CFU	SSD	TAF
I YEAR		·	
Limit analysis of structures (I semester)	9	ICAR/08	В
Analisi strutturale con gli elementi finiti (II semester)	9	ICAR/08	С
Modellazione strutturale (II semester)	9	ICAR/08	C
II YEAR			
Analisi sperimentale dei materiali e diagnostica delle strutture (II semester)	9	ICAR/08	С
FEM in nonlinear structural analysis (I semester)	9	ICAR/08	В
Mechanics of composite and advanced materials (I semester)	9	ICAR/08	С

Table A3 – Structural Engineering List

Teaching or training activity	CFU	SSD	TAF
I YEAR			•
Complementi di tecnica delle costruzioni [compulsory, if the same teaching or Construction Technology II, has not already been taken for the degree (I semester)]	9	ICAR/09	С
** Teoria e Progetto delle costruzioni in cemento armato (II semester)	9	ICAR/09	В
* ** Teoria e Progetto delle costruzioni in acciaio (II semester)	9	ICAR/09	В
Theory and design of steel constructions (if not chosen *) (II semester)	9	ICAR/09	В
Theory and design of reinforced concrete structures (if not chosen **) (II semester)	9	ICAR/09	В
II YEAR			
*** Consolidamento delle strutture in cemento armato (I semester)	9	ICAR/09	В
*** Progetto e consolidamento di strutture in muratura (I semester)	9	ICAR/09	В
Strutture speciali e Progetto di strutture resistenti al fuoco (I semester)	9	ICAR/09	В
**** Teoria e Progetto di ponti (I semester)	9	ICAR/09	В
Costruzioni in Legno (LM Construction Engineering) (I semester)	9	ICAR/09	С
Diagnosi e terapia dei dissesti strutturali (LM Construction Engineering) (I semester)	9	ICAR/09	С
Assessment and retrofit of structures (if not chosen ***) (I semester)	9	ICAR/09	В
Strutture Prefabbricate (II semester)	9	ICAR/09	С
Sistemi informative per le costruzioni (BIM) (II semester)	9	ICAR/09	С
Innovative building materials (II semester)	9	ICAR/09	В
Theory and design of bridges (if not chosen ****) (I semester)	9	ICAR/09	В
Advanced metallic structures (II semester)	9	ICAR/09	В
Structural reliability (I semester)	9	ICAR/09	С

Table B - Lectures in Tables A1, A2, A3 and further lectures recommended below (Related or Supplementary Subjects)

Teaching or training activity	CFU	SSD	TAF
# Modelli e metodi numerici per l'ingegneria (I semester)	9	MAT/07	С
Advanced applied engineering mathematics (if not chosen #) (II semester)	9	MAT/07	С
Geologia Applicata (if not already taken for degree) (II semester)	6	GEO/05	С
Rischi Geologici nella progettazione di opere di ingegneria civile (I semester)	9	GEO/05	С
Project Management per le opere civili (Il semester)	9	ING-IND/35	С

Table C - Courses for additional training requirements (if necessary) for students enrolled on the English language course

Teaching or training activity	CFU	SSD	TAF
Continuum mechanics (I semester)	9	ICAR/08	D
Structural engineering (I semester)	9	ICAR/09	D
Fundamentals of structural and geotechnical engineering (I semester):	9		
- Module 1: Continuum mechanics	Module 1: 3	ICAR/08	D
- Module 2: Geotechnical engineering	Module 2: 3	ICAR/07	D
- Module 3: Structural engineering	Module 3: 3	ICAR/09	

Table of Lessons Activated in the STReGA CdLM for the 'Minor TT - Smart Infrastructure Developer' (Minor

Table A: Transversal training activities in the technical-scientific area specifically developed for the Minor)

Teaching or training activity	CFU	SSD	TAF
Metodi Computazionali in dinamica Nonlineare – II Semester	9	ICAR/08	D
Valutazione e monitoraggio delle strutture - Il Semester	9	ICAR/09	D





ANNEX 2.1

DEGREE PROGRAM DIDACTIC REGULATIONS

INGEGNERIA STRUTTURALE E GEOTECNICA (STRUCTURAL AND GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING)

CLASS LM-23

School: Polytechnic and Basic Sciences

Department: Structures for Engineering and Architecture

Didactic Regulations in force since the academic year 2024-2025

Course: Advanced Applied Engineering Ma	thematics	Teaching Language: English
SSD (Subject Areas): MAT/07		CREDITS: 9
Course year:	Type of Edu	ucational Activity: C (Related or supplementary)
Teaching Methods: in-person		
Contents extracted from the SSD	declaratory	y consistent with the training objectives of the
course:		
		cal and applicative point of view, of Mathematical
Physics, using both analytical and g Objectives:	geometric teo	:nniques.
of computational methods (i.e. finite elliptic problems. The numerical d the introduction/derivation of the will be pointed out with reference the development of special application	te difference iscussion of models. Mo to physical s	problems. The course will provide basic knowledge and finite element), for parabolic, hyperbolic and each type of equation will be always preceded by reover, the role of initial and boundary conditions ituations. The numerical investigation will concern TLAB platform.
Propaedeuticities: none		
Is a propaedeuticity for: none		
Types of examinations and other the exam is constituted by an or project which can be developed in		





Course:	Teaching Lan	guage:
Advanced Metallic Structures	English	
SSD (Subject Areas): ICAR/09		CREDITS: 9
Course year: I/II	Type of Educational Activit	y: B (Characterising)
Teaching Methods: in-person		
Contents extracted from the SSD	declaratory consistent wi	th the training objectives of the
course:		
Methods and tools for the design a	nd analysis of steel and alun	ninium structures.
Objectives:		
Understanding the theoretical bas	s for the design methods p	rescribed by the current structural
design codes for steel and alumini	um structures, also through	n developing practical examples of
applications.		
Propaedeuticities: none		
Is a propaedeuticity for: none		
Types of examinations and other t	ests:	
Oral discussion of the theoretical to	pics and applications develo	oped during the course.





Course:		Teaching Lan	guage:
Assessment and monitoring of stru	uctures	English	
SSD (Subject Areas): ICAR/09			CREDITS:9
Course year: II	Type of Educ	ational Activit	y: D (Activity of choice)
Teaching Methods: in-person			
Contents extracted from the SSD	declaratory	consistent wi	th the training objectives of the
course:			
Issues of actions on buildings	and the resu	ulting behavio	ors as a function of types and
morphologies, materials and tech	nologies. Asse	essments of vi	ulnerability, reliability, safety, and
durability.			
Experimentation, testing, monitoring	ng of construc	tions.	
Objectives:			
Provide basic knowledge of the ma	Provide basic knowledge of the main characteristics of different types of existing structures and		
infrastructures in order to identify the critical issues that affect the life cycle of structures, both			
as a result of degradation and as a result of operational and/or exceptional actions.			
Provide basic knowledge of the tools and techniques to be used both for monitoring during			
structures and infrastructures operation and for carrying out maintenance work on them.			
Propaedeuticities: none			
Is a propaedeuticity for: none			
Types of examinations and other t	ests:		
Oral examination with discussion o	f design home	work.	





Course:		Teaching Lan	guage:
Assessment and retrofit of structures		English	
SSD (Subject Areas): ICAR/09			CREDITS: 9
Course year: II	Type of Educ	ational Activit	ty: B (Characterising)
Teaching Methods: in-person			
Contents extracted from the SSD	declaratory	consistent w	ith the training objectives of the
course:			
The course is focused on general principles and detailed procedures for the assessment and retrofit of existing reinforced concrete and masonry buildings, including cultural heritage structures, with emphasis on the seismic action. First, the typical features, deficiencies and critical aspects of the structural response of existing structures are analysed. Then, the knowledge gathering process regarding geometry, material properties and structural details of existing buildings is discussed. Linear and nonlinear methods of analysis for existing buildings under seismic action are presented, as well as fundamentals of linear and nonlinear structural modelling. Capacity models for structural elements under flexure, shear and axial load are presented, aimed at the assessment of strength and displacement capacity. The performance-based approach to seismic assessment is discussed, also illustrating the comparison between demand and capacity at different Limit States in a spectral framework. Finally, strategies and technologies, illustrating how to choose the more adequate strategy and the more efficient technique based on the outcomes of the safety check performed after the assessment phase. A project exercise is assigned to the students, regarding the assessment and retrofit of an existing building, including knowledge process, modelling, safety assessment before retrofit, design of			
retrofit, and safety assessment af Objectives:			
The student should be able to define a test campaign aimed at achieving a certain knowledge level of an existing structure, to understand the nonlinear response of an existing building under seismic action at the element and at the structural level, with respect to different performance levels, to understand the basic concepts regarding deformation capacity and strength of a structural element, distinguishing the different failure modes, to perform nonlinear modelling and analysis of a structure and safety checks, and to design an adequate retrofit program selecting the most appropriate strategy and technique based on the outcome of the safety checks.			
Propaedeuticities: none			
Is a propaedeuticity for: none			
Types of examinations and other t			
	he exam will consist of an oral discussion on the topics illustrated during theory and practice ectures, as well as on the discussion of the project exercise.		
lectures, as well as on the discussion	i oi the projec	Li exercise.	





Course:		Teaching Language:	
BIM Information Systems for constructions		Italian	
SSD (Subject Areas): ICAR/09		CREDITS: 9	
Course year: II 7	Type of Educ	ational Activity: C (Related or supplementary)	
Teaching Methods: in-person			
Contents extracted from the SSD of	declaratory	consistent with the training objectives of the	
course:			
methods and tools for the structural	design and f	for the construction and the management of civil	
structures.			
Objectives:			
methodologies for the information processes of civil works. The course and share information through the B	managemer e will enable BIM approact	nts of BIM (Building Information Modeling) at in the design, construction, and maintenance e students to acquire the main tools to manage h and to design in an interoperable environment, gures and stakeholders involved in the processes. In the main software applications.	
Propaedeuticities: none			
s a propaedeuticity for: none			
Types of examinations and other tes	sts:		
oral examination and practical test			





Course:	Teaching Language:
Complementary topics in structural	Italian
engineering	
SSD (Subject Areas): ICAR/09	CREDITS: 9
Course year:	ype of Educational Activity: C (Related or supplementary)
Teaching Methods: in-person	
Contents extracted from the SSD	declaratory consistent with the training objectives of the
course:	
The scientific-disciplinary contents of	onsist of theories and techniques aimed at the design of new
structures. They include the analysis	is of actions on buildings and of members behaviour as a
function of structural types, of ma	terials and technologies. Methods and tools for structural
design and construction of structure	-
Objectives:	
The course deals with the study of:	he continuous beam and 2D frames; basic methodologies for
the design of reinforced concre	e, prestressed concrete, and steel structural elements;
foundation structures and stairs.	
Propaedeuticities: none	
Is a propaedeuticity for: none	
Types of examinations and other te	sts:
Oral exam aimed at verifying the stu	dent's theoretical knowledge and practical skills; the design
exercises assigned during the course	will also be discussed.





Course:	Teaching Language:		
Computational methods in nonlinear			
SSD (Subject Areas): Icar/08	CREDITS: 9		
	ype of Educational Activity: D (Activity of choice)		
Teaching Methods: in person			
Contents extracted from the SSD d	leclaratory consistent with the training objectives of the		
course:			
The course, after a general introduct	tion to nonlinear dynamics, with a quick historical excursus,		
intends to place particular empha	asis on the most widespread nonlinear phenomena in		
applications and on the related comp	outational methods used for the study of their response and		
their stability. Specifically, discrete an	nd continuous systems will be considered, introducing basic		
concepts such as phase space, pha	se trajectories and portraits, periodic, quasi-periodic and		
chaotic responses, attractors and ba	asins of attraction, Poincarè sections, stability of solutions		
and bifurcations, sub- and super-har	monic resonances, highlighting a wide range of phenomena		
typically exhibited by nonlinear dyna	amical systems (think for example, the problems of flutter		
instability that, together with other	nonlinear phenomena, were responsible for the structural		
collapse of the Tacoma Narrow Brid	ge or synchronization phenomena, such as the pedestrian-		
structure interaction capable of dest	abilizing the dynamics of the Millennium Bridge pedestrian		
bridge in London, before it was ad	lequately equipped with viscous dampers, resonant mass		
inertia dampers etc.).			
	g and Van der Pol oscillators, Lorenz and Rössler systems,		
	m tree etc. will be illustrated. Hints will be provided to		
	ering interest such as, for example, nonlinear energy sinks		
	g improvement of linear tuned mass dampers, allowing on		
the one hand the use of smaller masses and on the other a simultaneous expansion of the range			
of suppressed frequencies, or as the structural isolation from vibrations induced by ground			
	of localization. Subsequently, attention will be paid to the		
	for the study of nonlinear systems and their stability. In		
	ds will be considered, such as weighted residue methods,		
	c methods and variational iteration-collocation methods, as		
	mal modes (NNM), a tool widely used to study the forced		
responses of nonlinear systems.			
Objectives:			
	ructural analysis and calculation in a nonlinear field.		
Propaedeuticities: none			
Is a propaedeuticity for: none			
Types of examinations and other tes	ts:		
Oral exam			





Course:	Teaching Language:
Continuum Mechanics	English
SSD (Subject Areas): ICAR/08	CREDITS: 9
Course year:	Type of Educational Activity: D (Activity of choice)
Teaching Methods: in-person. Bl	anded for foreign students.
Contents extracted from the S	D declaratory consistent with the training objectives of the
course:	
Continuum mechanics: deforma	tion analysis, stress analysis, constitutive behaviour of three-
dimensional homogeneous m	aterials. Analysis of elastic structures: equilibrium and
compatibility. Stress and strain	ield in beam models. Yielding criteria. Stability of equilibrium
paths. Plasticity.	
Objectives:	
The course provides the basics a	bout the mechanics of solids and structures. Understanding of
the kinematics of a structural	ystems, its degrees of freedom, under- and over-determined
behaviors. Computation of cons	raint reactions and internal forces (analytically and graphically)
of structural systems. Computat	on of strain and stress in solids of arbitrary section and loads.
Safety checks.	
Propaedeuticities: none	
Is a propaedeuticity for: none	
Types of examinations and othe	tests:
Written and oral exam.	





Course:		Teaching Language:	
Design and retrofit of masonry structures		Italian	
SSD (Subject Areas): ICAR/09		CREDITS: 9	
Course year: II	Type of Educa	ational Activity: B (Characterising)	
Teaching Methods: in-person			
Contents extracted from the SSD	declaratory	consistent with the training objectives of the	
course:			
design and construction of new b existing ones. Scientific-disciplinary of seismic action; the behaviour materials; methods and tools for	uildings, and y content inclu of structures or structural o	bries and techniques used for both the structural the verification and structural rehabilitation of udes: actions on buildings, including the effects as a function of their type, morphology, and design; vulnerability and safety assessments; structural intervention solutions applicable to	
Objectives:			
The course, through lectures and design exercises, aims to provide the general criteria and methods for the simulation of the structural behaviour of masonry buildings, which constitute a high fraction of the Italian and world building stock. The course deals with both the design of new buildings located in seismic areas and the structural assessment and retrofit of existing masonry buildings, using traditional or innovative materials/technologies.			
Propaedeuticities: none			
Is a propaedeuticity for: none			
Types of examinations and other tests:			
Oral discussion of the theoretical to	pics and the d	lesign project developed during the course.	





Course:		Teaching Language:	
Diagnosis and Repair of Structural Failures		English	
SSD (Subject Areas): ICAR/09		CREDITS: 9	
Course year: II	Type of Edu	cational Activity: C (Related or supplementary)	
Teaching Methods:in-person			
Contents extracted from the SSD	declaratory	consistent with the training objectives of the	
course:			
Actions on structures; structural	behaviour u	under varying their type, geometry, materials,	
techniques, technologies, and inte	eraction with	soil and environment; vulnerability and safety	
		g and structural health monitoring; safety checks	
and structural retrofitting of histori			
Objectives:			
To provide criteria and methods for	or structural a	assessment through analysis of structural failures	
and their causes, with the aim	of risk mitig	ation and forensic engineering. (ii) To deliver	
	-	rent conditions (emergency or normal) through	
alternative techniques (classical or innovative; local or global).			
Propaedeuticities: none			
Is a propaedeuticity for: none			
Types of examinations and other t	ests:		
Oral test			





Course:	Teaching Language:
Earth retaining structures	Italian
SSD (Subject Areas): ICAR/07	CREDITS: 9
Course year: II	Type of Educational Activity: B (Characterising)
Teaching Methods: in-person	
Contents extracted from the SSD	declaratory consistent with the training objectives of the
course:	
The analysis, design and construct	ion of geotechnical works such as excavations and retaining
structures.	
Objectives:	
the design and verification of reta static loads, reporting some menti and deformation states in the surr works in urban environments (e.g., examined, taking into account the e Propaedeuticities: none	ated to earth pressure and the computational procedures for aining walls, bulkheads and anchorages subjected mainly to on of the dynamic effects on the same structures. Tensional oundings of excavations for the construction of underground , station shafts, underground parking lots etc.) are also effects of subsidence induced on the ground plane.
Is a propaedeuticity for: none	
Types of examinations and other to oral test covering both theoretical out as part of the course.	ests: topics and discussion of one or more of the exercises carried





Course:	Teaching Language:
Earthquake Engineering and Structu	ral Control English
(EESC)	
SSD (Subject Areas): ICAR/09	CREDITS: 9
Course year: T	ype of Educational Activity: B (Characterising)
Teaching Methods: in-person (face-t	o-face)
Contents extracted from the SSD	leclaratory consistent with the training objectives of the
course:	
Dynamics of elastic SDOF syste	ms: free vibrations, steady-state and generic forced
vibrations, response spectrum repr	esentation of input action - Dynamics of elastic discrete
	n modes, modal analysis technique - Dynamics of continuum
	I flexural beams, wave propagation in a three-dimensional
	free and forced vibration tests - Inelastic dynamic response
	al and global ductility, energy balance
	ity and magnitude - Measurement instrumentation:
the second s	rometer - Seismic waves - Amplification characteristics of
surface waves and site response	
	s under dynamic loading: concrete, steel, other materials -
	ires: torsional vibration of space structures, site response,
soil-structure interaction	······································
Earthquake resistant design: fu	ndamental aseismic planning, static and dynamic
	kes (response spectra and time histories)
	cation (passive, active, semi-active an hybrid control),
-	visco-elastic, hysteretic and friction dampers), isolation and
filtering devices, tuned mass dar	
	I magnethoreological) and active devices, design of
structural control systems.	
Objectives:	
Scope of the course is to provide t	he required background knowledge of structural dynamics
and basic methodologies for the de	ign of engineered structures in seismic zones, as well as to
_	able to reduce vibrations induced by other sources (wind,
human and ambient born, traffic, inc	
Propaedeuticities: none	
Is a propaedeuticity for: none	
Types of examinations and other tes	ts:
A written midterm exam is assigned	in the second half of the course during class hours. The final
exam is oral and requires the studen	t to demonstrate knowledge of all the topics covered during
the course as well as discussion of	the assigned homework problems. A regular continuous
attendance of the course certainly al	





Course:	Teaching L	anguage:
Experimental analysis of materials		
diagnostics of structures		
SSD (Subject Areas): ICAR/08		CREDITS: 9
Course year: I/II	pe of Educational Acti	ivity: C (Related or supplementary)
Teaching Methods: in person		
Contents extracted from the SSD	claratory consistent	with the training objectives of the
course:		
Measurements and instrumentat	n - Setup of exper	iments, calibration and sensitivity,
acquisition of signals. Data analy	5. Estimation of the	uncertainty of the measurement.
Instruments and methods for carry	g out the tests: instru	ments for measuring displacements,
forces, strains, temperatures, crack	pening, slope, vibrati	ions and stresses, forces generation.
Laboratory instruments. Experimer	I mechanics methods	s of strain and stress state analysis,
photoelasticity, digital image corr	tion, Moiré methods	s, interferometry, speckle methods,
thermoelastic effect, electrical strain	auge and strain gauge	e with optical fibers.
		ural materials and their mechanical
	•	isms. Masonry: controls with NDT
	investigation, investi	igation with flat jacks, endoscopic
investigation.		
		uring systems for the control of
		quisition of displacement fields. Load
		al response. Monitoring techniques:
		blem of structural identification and
	ng of the problem a	nd methods of identification. Static
tests, processing of results.	and autlining of the	problem gradic and instability on
Structural diagnostics - Importance and outlining of the problem, cracks and instability of existing structures: visual analysis, survey of cracking frameworks, interpretation of causes.		the second se
Objectives:	ey of crucking framev	
•	s will have acquired	the basic theoretical concepts of
At the end of the course, students will have acquired the basic theoretical concepts of experimental analysis and diagnostics combined with practical experiences in order to apply the		
methods and tools of the discipline to experimental stress analysis, non-destructive testing and		
structural monitoring. All aspects that are very useful in their future work as engineers.		
Propaedeuticities: none		-
Is a propaedeuticity for: none		
Types of examinations and other te	5:	
Oral exam		





Course:	Teaching Lar	Teaching Language:	
FEM in nonlinear structural analysis	English	English	
SSD (Subject Areas): ICAR/08		CREDITS: 9	
Course year: II	Type of Educational Activity: B (Characterising)		
Teaching Methods: in person			
Contents extracted from the SSD	declaratory consistent w	ith the training objectives of the	
course:			
Acquiring the basic knowledge and t	he methodological approa	ches typical of Computational	
Mechanics and Dynamics required to perform nonlinear time history analyses of structures by			
means of frontal lectures, numerical	exercises and MATLAB pro	ogramming.	
Objectives:			
Aim of the course is to illustrate the	theoretical aspects and th	ne numerical techniques underlying	
the analysis, in the static and dynar	nic case, of structures exhibit	ibiting geometrical and mechanical	
nonlinearities. Particular attention is given to the phenomenological modeling of complex			
hysteresis phenomena typical of mechanical systems, devices and materials.			
Propaedeuticities: none			
Is a propaedeuticity for: none			
Types of examinations and other te	sts:		
Oral exam			





Course:		Tooching Lon	<u>au 2001</u>
Finite element method in structur	al analysis	Teaching Lan Italian	guage:
SSD (Subject Areas): ICAR / 08	ai allaiysis	Italiali	CREDITS: 9
		ational Activit	
Course year: I/II	Type of Educ		ty: C (Related or supplementary)
Teaching Methods: in person			
	D declaratory	consistent wi	ith the training objectives of the
Variational form of 1D elasticity pro- method for 1D problems: Shape Finite elements of higher degree: s for 2D continua. Shape functions. Turner triangular element. Quad quadrilateral element. Shear lock problems. Truss structures: Total potential e structures. Framed structures: Ext Strong form as a stationary point Interpolation of nodal displacement beam element in its local references framed structures. Extension of back kinematic conditions on degrees of frames: Mass matrix of beams an methods.	oblems. The R functions. Sti shape function Stiffness mat dratic triangul king. Quadrati energy. Truss tension of the tension of the tof the total nts. Basic conce e. Local to glok asic beam elen f freedom. Line	ayleigh-Ritz-Ga ffness matrix. ns. Plane stress rix and nodal lar elements. ic quadrilatera element. Finit e Euler-Bernou potential ener epts for the fo pal reference t nent. Internal ear static anal	Illi beam model to 3D structures. rgy. Weak form. Shape functions. rmulation of a beam element. The ransformations. Equilibrium of releases. Change of reference and ysis of frames. Dynamic analysis of
operational tools for the analysi Method. Acquiring the basic k	s of structure nowledge an irticular refere	es and elastic d the methc ence to the Fir	methodological foundations and continua by the Finite Element odological approaches typical of nite Element Method by means of LAB.
Is a propaedeuticity for: none			
Types of examinations and other t	tests:		
		modelling exe	ercises are assigned. The oral exam
include the discussion of assigned l		-	<u> </u>





Course:	Teaching La	nguage:		
Foundations	Italian			
SSD: ICAR/07		Credits: 9		
Course year:	Type of Educational Activ	ity: B (Characterising)		
Teaching Methods: in person				
Contents extracted from the SSD	declaratory consistent v	vith the training objectives of the		
course:				
The course aims to provide the prir	ciples, theories and analy	ical, computational and		
experimental methodologies for th	e physical-mechanical mod	delling of shallow and deep		
foundations and of soils and rocks i	nteracting with them in th	e static and dynamic field.		
Foundations analysis, design and co	onstruction issues are cont	ents of the course.		
Objectives:				
The course aims to provide the kno	wledge needed for foundation	ations design, monitoring and		
recovery.				
Foundations interact with superst	ructures and soils and a	correct design cannot neglect such		
interactions. To achieve the descril	interactions. To achieve the described objectives the course deal with the study of theories with			
the analysis of the respective fields of application, the description of the most widespread and				
efficient calculation procedures ar	d the precise definition c	of calculation methods to meet the		
requirements dictated by the regulations in the field of new foundations design or reuse				
existing foundations.				
Propaedeuticities: none				
Is a propaedeuticity for: none				
Types of examinations and other t	ests:			
Combination of written and oral ex	am			





Course:	Teaching Language:	
Fundamentals of structural and geotechnicalengineering Module 1: Continuum mechanics Module 2: Geotechnical engineering	English	
Module 3: Structural engineering		
SSD (Subject Areas):	CREDITS: 9 CFU	
Module 1: ICAR/08	Module 1: 3 CFU	
Module 2: ICAR/07 Module 3: ICAR/09	Module 2: 3 CFU Module 3: 3 CFU	
Course year:	Type of Educational Activity: C (Related or supplementary)	

Contents extracted from the SSD declaratory consistent with the training objectives of the course:

Module 1: The first module of the course is an introduction to the foundations of continuum mechanics. Kinematics of deformation. Linearization. The concept of stress. Constitutive equations. Yield Criteria. Elastic response. Work and energy. Theorem of virtual work. Simple problems in linear elasticity. The stress status in a 3D beam subject to axial force, bending moment, shear and torque.

Module 2: The second module of the course will consist of an overview of basic concepts and experimental tools needed to characterize and model the physical-mechanical soils properties for the analysis of their behaviour under working and limit design conditions.

Module 3: The third module of the course deals with general criteria and applicative techniques aimed at design, safety checks and construction aspects of reinforced concrete structural members and steel members. The Module includes: general concepts of structural safety and design of structures; mechanical behaviour and constitutive laws of structural materials, such as concrete and steel; design and safety checks of reinforced concrete structural members and steel members according to the semi-probabilistic limit states method (ultimate and serviceability limit states) and the most advanced international building codes as well as Eurocodes.

Objectives:

Module 1: The module is aimed at understanding of the principles and methods for the analysis of strength and behaviour of solids and structures. Awareness of the foundations and critical usage of the main models in the analysis solids and structures.

Module 2: The module is aimed at introducing the students to the knowledge of soil mechanics and geotechnical modelling with special emphasis on their applications to the design of civil engineering structures. The students will be trained to derive soil properties to be used in the above applications from experimental laboratory tests and site investigations.

Module 3: The module provides the basic knowledge and methodologies for the calculation and safety check of reinforced concrete structural members and steel members within the semiprobabilistic limit states method, as well as the general criteria for the design of simple structures. During the course, reference is made to the principles inspiring the most advanced international building codes, as well Structural Eurocodes, and to the construction aspects and techniques.





Propaedeuticities: none Is a propaedeuticity for: none

Types of examinations and other tests:

Module 1: During the module, practical written homework and simple numerical applications will be assigned regarding the topics covered in the class (continuum mechanics and beam analysis). The final exam will be oral and include the discussion of the assigned homework and numerical applications.

Module 2: During the module, practical written homework and simple numerical applications will be assigned regarding the topics covered in the class (soil mechanics and geotechnical modelling). The final assessment test will be oral, consisting of a questions and answers session on the topics of the course and of the classwork and include the discussion of the assigned homework and design applications.

Module 3: During the course, practical written homework and simple design applications will be assigned regarding the topics covered in the class (design of reinforced concrete members, design of steel members). The final exam will be oral and include the discussion of the assigned homework and design applications.



Course:



course.	reaching Language.
Geological risks in the project of civil	Italian
engineering works	
SSD (Subject Areas): GEO/05	CREDITS: 9
Course year: Type of	Educational Activity: C (Related or supplementary)
Teaching Methods: in person	
Contents extracted from the SSD declara	atory consistent with the training objectives of the
course:	
Basics of basic geology · Internal Cons	stitution of the Earth; plate tectonics; volcanism;
earthquakes. · Tectonics, and main geomo	orphological processes. · The main outcropping rocks
(igneous, sedimentary and metamorphic).	• The main geological domains of the centralsouthern
Apennines: risks and resources. Notes or	n the main natural risks · The volcanic risk and the
seismic risk · The risk of landslides; classific	cation of landslides: study methods, interventions and
monitoring. · Rapid debris-mud flows. · S	low-moving landslides. · Rock landslides. · Torrential
0	d sudden sinking phenomena (sinkhole). · The

Teaching Language:

hydrogeological risk and the PAI of the Basin Authorities. The analysis of photo interpretation in the design of engineering works - Drafting of basic maps through drone and laser scanner flights; orthophotomaps - Photo interpretation, stereoscopy, recognition of lithotypes, landslides and other morphologies and geological structures. - Exercises on both zenith and frontal stereoscopic pairs for the study of landslides. Areas affected by mud and debris flows - Photointerpretation; slope geomorphology; thickness of the pyroclastic cover; slopes. - Susceptibility to landslides and calculation of the run-out of landslides; estimate of the magnitude of landslides. - Notes on design choices for risk mitigation, interventions and monitoring plan. Areas affected by rock landslides - Photo interpretation of frontal stereoscopic pairs; geology and geomorphology of the wall. - Geological and structural layout of the wall; geomechanical laying and classification of the rock mass. - Susceptibility to collapse; breaking mechanisms and design block estimation. - Notes on the possible intervention planning choices and monitoring plan. Areas affected by slowmoving landslides. - Photointerpretation; geomorphological evolution of landslide slopes. -Anomalies of the hydrographic network and definition of the landslide body in plan. -Investigation plan to evaluate the depth of the sliding surface. - Design choices of interventions for risk mitigation; monitoring plan. Areas affected by hyperconcentrated flows of alluvial fans. -Photointerpretation; geomorphology and characteristics of the catchment area. Geomorphology of the conoid apparatus; active and fossil conoids; conoids interlocked and superimposed. - Interactions of hyperconcentrated flows with the urbanized. - Definition of the survey campaign for the study of alluvial fans. - indications on the possible design choices of interventions and monitoring plan. The phenomena of liquefaction and sudden sinking (sinkhole) - Liquefaction phenomena and geological characteristics of the sites. - Natural sinkholes and karst areas. - Mining, underground cavities and anthropogenic sinkholes. - Interactions between sinkholes and engineering works. - Investigation plan for the recognition of underground cavities. - Notes on possible interventions and monitoring plan. Execution of detailed technical geological sections and application problems for the design of: Roads; railways; aqueducts; galleries; dams. Educational field-trip - Geostructural analysis of rocky ridges in landslide, geomechanical layings and classification of masses Guided tour of landslide areas and active alluvial fans and related risk mitigation interventions





Objectives:

The course aims to provide the different study methodologies for the mitigation of "geological risk" in the design of civil engineering works. The gelogical-application problems associated with the stability of the slopes affected by both "fast" and slow moving landslides and areas susceptible to liquefaction or sudden sinking ("sinkhole") are dealt with. For the flood hazard, the study of torrential phenomena that feed active alluvial fans is undertaken. Students, also through photointerpretation analyses and on-site inspections, will have the opportunity to practice in the search for possible solutions for the mitigation of geological risk to be taken into account in the design of roads, railways, tunnels and dams.

Propaedeuticities: none

Is a propaedeuticity for: none

Types of examinations and other tests:

Written and oral





Course:		Teaching Language:	
Geotechnical Infrastructures	echnical Infrastructures Italian		
SSD (Subject Areas): ICAR/07		CREDITS: 9	
Course year: /	ourse year: / Type of Educational Activ		y: C (Related or supplementary)
Teaching Methods: in person			
Contents extracted from the SSD	declaratory of	consistent wi	th the training objectives of the
course:			
Slope stability, earth embankments	s, retaining stru	uctures.	
Objectives:			
Propaedeuticities: none			
Is a propaedeuticity for: none			
Types of examinations and other t	ests:		
oral exam			





Course:	Teach	hing Language:
Geotechnical investigation and mo	nitoring Italiar	n
SSD (Subject Areas): ICAR/07		CREDITS:9
Course year: II	Type of Educationa	al Activity: C (Related or supplementary)
Teaching Methods: in person		
Contents extracted from the SSD	declaratory consis	stent with the training objectives of the
course:		
To furnish principles, theories a characterization of the territory.	nd methodologies	and procedures for the geotechnical
Objectives:		
criteria of soil investigations, as w defining the "Geotechnical Soil Mo Also illustrate the survey techniqu the monitoring of geotechnical en retaining structures works. Throug	vell as the procedu odel" which is the b es of traditional and gineering works in r h the development students will have	e on the tools, techniques, methods and ures for interpreting the results, aimed at pasis of the design of a geotechnical work id advanced instrumentation (SAR) used in relation to slope stability, foundations and t of a project related to a real case the opportunity to apply the knowledge professional field.
-		
Is a propaedeuticity for: none		
Types of examinations and other to Oral exam	2313.	





Course:		Teaching Lan	guage:	
Geotechnical Modelling		English		
SSD (Subject Areas): ICAR/07			CREDITS: 9	
Course year: /	Irse year: I / II Type of Educational Activit		y: C (Related or supplementary)	
Teaching Methods: in person				
Contents extracted from the SSD	declaratory	consistent wi	th the training objectives of the	
course:				
computational methodologies for	the physical-r	mechanical mo	odelling of soils and rocks and for	
the evaluation of their behaviour	in the static	field; the an	alysis and design of geotechnical	
structures such as foundations, une	derground cor	nstructions, ex	cavations and retaining structures,	
embankments, and earth-construct	tions.			
Objectives:				
to provide students with theore	tical and pra	actical knowle	dge necessary for implementing	
numerical models for resolution o	f Geotechnica	al Engineering	application problems. The course	
will deepen treatment of field equ	uations for po	rous media ar	nd introduce constitutive relations	
used in geotechnical applications	used in geotechnical applications in a systematic way. The application of the finite element			
method to a series of Geotechni	cal Engineerii	ng problems i	s aimed at using the theoretical	
concepts acquired during the course.				
Propaedeuticities: none				
Is a propaedeuticity for: none				
Types of examinations and other t	ests:			
oral examination with discussion of	f a year's p <mark>roj</mark> e	ect		





Course:		Teaching Language:	
Innovative Building Materials	English	English	
SSD (Subject Areas): ICAR/09		CREDITS: 9	
Course year: II	Type of Educational	Activity: B (Characterising)	
Teaching Methods: in person			
Contents extracted from the SSD	declaratory consiste	ent with the training objectives of the	
course:			
The contents arise with the theo	ry and technology fo	r the structural analysis and retrofit of	
existing structures.			
Objectives:			
The course provides a basic knowledge on the use of innovative materials for the construction of			
new structural elements or for the	retrofit of existing or	nes. The course addresses the criteria for	
the selection of the most suitable	the selection of the most suitable material for interventions and explains how to design, apply		
and check the strengthening solution for different structural typologies (RC and mason			
constructions).			
Propaedeuticities: none			
s a propaedeuticity for: none			
Types of examinations and other t	ests:		
Oral test and discussion of design p	rojects assigned durir	ng the course.	





Course:		Teaching Language:	
Limit analysis of structures (Analisi limite delle			
strutture)			
SSD (Subject Areas): ICAR/08		CREDITS: 9	
Course year:	Type of Edu	cational Activity: B (Characterising)	
Teaching Methods: in person			
Contents extracted from the SSD	declaratory	consistent with the training objectives of the	
course:			
shape for non-linear structures. In r	particular th	on of the collapse load on account of the loss of e following tonics are covered: inelastic behavior	
of materials; laws of plastic flow; fu	indamental t ical load an	e following topics are covered: inelastic behavior theorems of plasticity and of the limit analysis of	
of materials; laws of plastic flow; fu structures; Eulerian instability; criti	indamental t ical load an	e following topics are covered: inelastic behavior theorems of plasticity and of the limit analysis of	
of materials; laws of plastic flow; fu structures; Eulerian instability; criti shape; instability in the inelastic field Objectives:	indamental t ical load and d. es and meth	e following topics are covered: inelastic behavior theorems of plasticity and of the limit analysis of d post-critical behavior; collapse due to loss of	
of materials; laws of plastic flow; fu structures; Eulerian instability; criti shape; instability in the inelastic field Objectives: Knowledge of the general principle	indamental t ical load and d. es and meth	e following topics are covered: inelastic behavior theorems of plasticity and of the limit analysis of d post-critical behavior; collapse due to loss of	
of materials; laws of plastic flow; fu structures; Eulerian instability; criti shape; instability in the inelastic field Objectives: Knowledge of the general principle structures in elastoplastic and non-li	indamental t ical load and d. es and meth	e following topics are covered: inelastic behavior theorems of plasticity and of the limit analysis of d post-critical behavior; collapse due to loss of	
of materials; laws of plastic flow; fu structures; Eulerian instability; criti shape; instability in the inelastic field Objectives: Knowledge of the general principle structures in elastoplastic and non-li Propaedeuticities: none	indamental f ical load and d. es and meth inear regime	e following topics are covered: inelastic behavior theorems of plasticity and of the limit analysis of d post-critical behavior; collapse due to loss of	
of materials; laws of plastic flow; fu structures; Eulerian instability; criti shape; instability in the inelastic field Objectives: Knowledge of the general principle structures in elastoplastic and non-li Propaedeuticities: none Is a propaedeuticity for: none	indamental t ical load and d. es and meth inear regime	e following topics are covered: inelastic behavior theorems of plasticity and of the limit analysis of d post-critical behavior; collapse due to loss of	





Course:	Teaching Language:
Mechanics of composite and advar	nced English
materials	
SSD (Subject Areas): ICAR/09	CREDITS: 9
Course year: II	Type of Educational Activity: C (Related or supplementary)
Teaching Methods: in person	
Contents extracted from the SSD	declaratory consistent with the training objectives of the
course:	
Thermo-mechanics of materials: ar	nisotropy, elastic and plastic deformation, Deformation Theory
and Stress Theory in Continuu	m Mechanics. Viscoelastic Constitutive Laws. Theory o
Homogenization: concepts and	definitions, analytical and numerical homogenization and
localization techniques, derivation	of overall properties and failure mechanisms in composites
Numerical Modeling – Introducio	on to FE Method. Design and FEM modeling of composite
structures.	
Objectives:	
The course "Mechanics of Compo	site and Advanced Materials" aims to provide students with
theoretical models, computational	methods and numerical procedures for the study, the analysi
- · ·	ms made of composite and innovative materials, allowing the
	or of new composites and, eventually, to tailor and design new
	nonlinear behavior. Theoretical lessons are interspersed with
exercises and numerical application	15.
Propaedeuticities: none	ns.
Propaedeuticities: none Is a propaedeuticity for: none	
Propaedeuticities: none Is a propaedeuticity for: none Types of examinations and other t	ests:
Propaedeuticities: none Is a propaedeuticity for: none Types of examinations and other t The oral exam consists in discussing	ests: g topics covered in the course showing the ability to be able to
Propaedeuticities: none Is a propaedeuticity for: none Types of examinations and other t The oral exam consists in discussing fully use the theoretical and appli	ests: g topics covered in the course showing the ability to be able to icative tools that were provided during the course and to be
Propaedeuticities: none Is a propaedeuticity for: none Types of examinations and other t The oral exam consists in discussing fully use the theoretical and appli- able to discuss the possible applica	ests: g topics covered in the course showing the ability to be able to icative tools that were provided during the course and to be ations of innovative materials in various structural engineering
Propaedeuticities: none Is a propaedeuticity for: none Types of examinations and other t The oral exam consists in discussing fully use the theoretical and appli- able to discuss the possible applicat problems. The final grade will be	ests: g topics covered in the course showing the ability to be able to icative tools that were provided during the course and to be ations of innovative materials in various structural engineering determined on the basis of the outcome of the oral exam
Propaedeuticities: none Is a propaedeuticity for: none Types of examinations and other t The oral exam consists in discussing fully use the theoretical and appli- able to discuss the possible applicat problems. The final grade will be	ests: g topics covered in the course showing the ability to be able to icative tools that were provided during the course and to be ations of innovative materials in various structural engineering determined on the basis of the outcome of the oral exam e ability of the student in discussing about the possible use of





Course:	Те	aching Lan	ignade:
Precast Structures		Italian	
SSD (Subject Areas): ICAR/09	I		CREDITS: 9
Course year: II	Type of Education	onal Activit	ty: C (Related or supplementary)
Teaching Methods:			
in person			
Contents extracted from the SSD) declaratory co	nsistent w	ith the training objectives of the
course:			
the dimensioning of new construct existing ones. So, they include the behaviour depending on typologie	ctions and the ve he topic of the es and morpholo tion on vulnerabi	erification a actions or gies, mate lity, reliabi	ing both the structural conception, and the structural rehabilitation of n constructions and the following erials and technologies, interaction lity, comfort, safety and durability; uctures.
Objectives:			
of RC precast structures, cons	idering the spe e students with a	ecific pecu	concerning the design and analysis liarities of the structural type. details concerning the design and
Propaedeuticities:			
None.			
Is a propaedeuticity for:			
None.			
Types of			
examinations and			
other test:			
Oral examination			





Course:		Teaching Language:				
Project Management for Civil Works		Italian				
SSD (Subject Areas): ING IND/35			CREDITS: 9			
Course year: /	Type of Educ	ational Activit	:y: C (related o supplementary)			
Teaching Methods:						
in-person						
Contents extracted from the SSD declaratory consistent with the training objectives of the						
course:						
Contents extracted from the SSD declaration consistent with the educational objectives of the course: Introduction to Project Management.II meaning of project according to the Project Management Institute (PMI). The life cycle of the project. Project Management processes according to PMI. The start of the project, the implementation of the project plan, the project charter. Project planning management: the project planning process: the definition of the project scope, the definition of the WBS (Work Breakdown Structure), the implementation of the WBS, the rules to be respected for the implementation of the WBS. The definition of organizational responsibilities in the implementation of the project: the Organization Breakdown Structure (OBS) and the Responsibility Assignment Matrix (RAM). The definition of tasks and the estimation of resources. Methods for estimating project resources: Bottom-up methods, Top-down methods, Estimation methods by analogy, Parametric estimation methods, Estimation criteria. Project scheduling: the identification of the order of execution of the activities and precedence constraints, the construction of the project grid, the scheduling of the project through the Critical Path Method (CPM), the Gantt chart and its use in project planning. Peculiarities of the orders and of the planning and control cycle of orders in the field of Civil Works and Infrastructures The construction of the order estimate: the initial quotation estimate, the executive estimate, the updated estimate. The final balance of the costs of the order. Feed control. The Earned Value method and its applications. Variance analysis. The identification of corrective actions and the rescheduling of activities. The role of Project Management and the skills required to operate successfully in that role. The accredited international institutes for the certification.						
Objectives:	a set a set a set	ltan in the st				

Develop the ability to plan and control, according to the dual temporal and economic dimensions, projects related to Civil Works and Infrastructures, through the appropriate and conscious use of Project Management techniques

Propaedeuticities: none

Is a propaedeuticity for: none

Types of examinations and other tests:

Discussion of a project developed within the course, relating to a specific type of project for which the student will have to develop and apply the planning and control methodologies illustrated during the course. Oral interview





Insegnamento: Retrofit of r.c. structures		Lingua di erogazione dell'Insegnamento: Italiano		
SSD: ICAR/09		CFU: 9		
Anno di corso: Il	Tipologia d	i Attività Formativa: B (Characterising)		
Modalità di svolgimento: In person				
.		perenti con gli obiettivi formativi del corso:		
		structures based on the current code provisions.		
Methods of investigation for determining material properties and structural detailing in existing				
structures. Analysis of the design methods based on previous code provisions and practice.				
	-	ated design. Fundamentals of performance-based		
approach for the seismic assessment of existing structures. Basic concepts regarding the				
response of elements/struct	ures not designed	d according to modern seismic engineering.		
Methods of linear and nonl	linear, static and	dynamic analysis for the seismic assessment of		
existing structures. Principles	of spectral appro	ach for the assessment of the seismic demand and		
capacity. Fundamentals of li	near and nonlinea	ar modelling aimed at the seismic assessment of		
existing structures. Capacity	models for the ass	sessment of ductile and brittle behaviour of		
		of damage to nonstructural elements. Methods for		
the assessment of the seismi				
Retrofit strategies. Classification of interventions: local interventions, global interventions with				
partial upgrading, global intervention with full upgrading. Fundamentals and design approaches				
C		prittle failures for the increase of strength and		
		ailure; (ii) increase of displacement capacity only;		
		ation of techniques based on the use of traditiona		
		ect exercise regarding the retrofit of a reinforced		
design of retrofit, safety asse		ss, modelling, safety assessment before retrofit,		
Obiettivi formativi:	ssment after retro			
The main objective of the course is showing the scientific, theoretic, and experimental sources o				
code prescriptions, in order to make students able to consciously and critically apply them. With				
		the knowledge of an existing structure process is		
special relation of a state synapsic strategy and a state of the state				

special reference to the course syllabus, first, the knowledge of an existing structure process is analysed in terms of evolution of code provisions, consequent typical features and critical aspects of existing structures built in different ages, aims and methods for investigating geometry, materials and structural detailing of existing buildings.

Then, methods for seismic structural analysis are presented, including linear and nonlinear methods. This is aimed to make the students be able to perform nonlinear modelling, with a lumped plasticity approach, of a tridimensional reinforced concrete structure and to analyse it by adopting pushover analysis. Also, this is aimed to make the students able to consciously apply these analytical tools and correctly understand their results. Analyses' results in terms of demand must be compared with capacity limits. So, the course also focuses on capacity models for reinforced member elements under flexure and shear. This is done to make students able to perform the assessment of strength and displacement capacity of members, also considering the interaction between displacement demand and consequent damage with degrading capacity measures.

Finally, potential strategies and techniques for retrofitting existing reinforced concrete buildings are discussed. This will allow students learning how to choose the more adequate strategy and the more efficient technique based on the outcomes of the safety check performed after nonlinear analysis. This is also to highlight pros and cons of the strategies and techniques





proposed by literature and codes.

To achieve all the above goals, theoretical lectures are associated with practical lectures in which the concepts at the basis of code provisions and code provisions themselves are practically applied and the outcome of this application is discussed and critically analysed.

Propedeuticità in ingresso: none Propedeuticità in uscita: none

Tipologia degli esami e delle altre prove di verifica del profitto: Oral exam





Course:		Teaching Language:				
Slope stability		Italian				
SSD (Subject Areas): ICAR/07			CREDITS: 9			
Course year:	Type of Educational Activity: C (Related or supplementary)					
Teaching Methods:						
In-person						
Contents extracted from the SSD declaratory consistent with the training objectives of the						
course:						
The course contents cover methods for slope stability analysis, including limit equilibrium						
methods, as well as the monitoring of landslide precursors. Additionally, it addresses						
technologies and design criteria for slope stabilization works.						
Objectives:						
The goal of this course is to provide theoretical and methodological knowledge for addressing						
slope stability issues in both soil and rock formations, particularly in settled areas where						
structures could be threatened by landslides and subsoil collapses.						
Additionally, the course aims to empower students to conceive solutions to improve slope safety						
suitable for each examined context and to design and verify them using methods of design						
practice, technological solutions, and current technical construction standards (NTC).						
Propaedeuticities: none						
Is a propaedeuticity for: none						
Types of examinations and other tests:						
Discussion of the design work carried out during the year and final oral exam.						





Course:		Teaching Lan	guage:
Soil and rock consolidation		Italian	
SSD (Subject Areas): ICAR/07			CREDITS: 9
Course year: /	Type of Educa	tional Activit	y: C (Related or supplementary)
Teaching Methods: in-person			
Contents extracted from the SSD	declaratory c	onsistent wi	th the training objectives of the
course:			
The course covers theoretical and	applied aspect	s concerning	the analysis, design, construction
and monitoring of excavations and	underground w	vorks, the tec	hnologies and construction
procedures for ground improvem			
stabilize slopes, structures, reclaim	ed land.		
Objectives:			
innovative technologies adopted becoming more and more pop geotechnical ones. Therefore, it is ground improvement technologies	for ground im ular, and in s of the utmost , to understand	provement. some cases importance f d the way the	of the most popular and most These technologies are nowadays more used than the traditional for the student to know these new y work, the soils or rocks for which
they are best suited, and the applications for which they can be used. Through some exercises			
			design the ground improvement
intervention considering also cost effectiveness for the most popular technologies.			
Propaedeuticities:none			
Is a propaedeuticity for: none			
Types of examinations and other to	ests:		
oral exam.			





Course:		Teaching Language:
Soil dynamics and earthquake geotechnical engineering		Italian
SSD (Subject Areas): ICAR	/07	CREDITS: 9
Course year: II	Type of Educational Act	ivity: B (Characterising)
Teaching Methods: in-per	son	
Contents extracted from	the SSD declaratory consistent	with the training objectives of the
course:		
on soils and rocks, address	-	d the modelling of earthquake effects c response at both local and territorial il-structure interaction ¹ '
Objectives:		
		perimental and the analytical tools
		ant to the safety of the environment,
•	astructures undergoing seismic act	
		lysis of seismic ground motion and to
		predicting the seismic site response,
	I stability and analysing soil-struct	ure interaction in seismic conditions.
Propaedeuticities: none		
Is a propaedeuticity for: r	ione	
Types of examinations an	d other tests:	
	uring which the exercises develop	ed during the practice lessons will be
discussed.		

¹ Translated after the recently updated declaratory of the SSD Geotechnical Engineering





Course:	Teaching Language:
Special structures and design of fire-resis	istant Italian
structures	
SSD (Subject Areas): ICAR/09	CREDITS: 9
Course year: I/II Type	of Educational Activity: B (Characterising)
Teaching Methods: In-person	
Contents extracted from the SSD declara	atory consistent with the training objectives of the
course:	
structural analysis. Checks at the ult classification of sections. Plate theory. Th membrane and flexure theory of shells ar Module 2 (Design of fire-resistant str structures in case of fire (prescriptive an properties of materials as a function framework. Definition of fire models. The as normal and prestressed reinforced c and structures.	Composite columns. Framed structures. Methods for timate and serviceability limit states. Ductility and ne static of pipes and cylindrical tanks. References to the nd vaults. ructures): General aspects about the safety check of nd performance based approaches). Thermo-mechanical of temperature. National and European regulatory ermo-mechanical analysis of structures subjected to fire, concrete, steel and steel-concrete composite members
of fire.	
of fire. Objectives: Module 1 provides the general fundament types: steel and concrete composite structures and cylindrical tag	ntals for the calculation and design of specific structural uctures; two-dimensional structures (e.g. plates); liquid inks, with brief references to the vaults and shells. concepts and operational methods for the design and





Course:		Teaching Lan	guage:
Static and Seismic Foundation Design		English	
SSD (Subject Areas): ICAR/07			CREDITS: 9
Course year:	Type of Educ	ational Activit	y: B (Characterising)
Teaching Methods: in person			
Contents extracted from the SSD	declaratory	consistent wi	th the training objectives of the
course:			
The subject content includes the an and deep foundations and the evaluations are supported as the evaluation of		-	the second s
Objectives:			
A first part of the course aims at p and the retrofitting of foundation elevation and with the subsoil, an these interactions. The basis for a analysis of the respective fields of procedures and the precise definiti by the codes of practice in the foundations. The second part of the analysis of the seismic geotechr foundations. In particular, for both structure interaction is analysed with	is in the stati of a correct d chieving the of application, t field of fou he course aim nical problem a shallow and	c field. Found esign cannot l described goal he description ion methods to ndation desig is at providing s with refere deep foundat	lations interact with structures in be separated from the analysis of I is the study of theories with the n of the most common calculation o meet the requirements specified in or the assessment of existing g the necessary knowledge for the ence to both shallow and deep ions, the dynamic soil-foundation-
Propaedeuticities: none			
Is a propaedeuticity for: none			
Types of examinations and other t			
Combination of written and oral ex	am		





Course: Structural dynamics and earthqual engineering	(e	Teaching Lan	guage:
SSD (Subject Areas): ICAR/09			CREDITS: 9
Course year:	Type of Educ	ational Activit	y: B (Characterising)
Teaching Methods: in person			

Contents extracted from the SSD declaratory consistent with the training objectives of the course:

Fundamentals of engineering seismology: origin of earthquakes, structure of the earth, volume and surface waves, recordings, magnitude, intensity measures of seismic shaking, source, propagation and site effects, attenuation laws, macroseismic intensity, magnitude scales.

Fundamentals of probability theory: random variables, subjective and frequentist interpretations of probability. Probabilistic calculation of seismic actions on structures: occurrence model of earthquakes at the source, Poisson process, estimate of the occurrence rate, hazard integral, process for the occurrence of intensity threshold exceeded at the site, distribution of magnitude and distance, distribution of the time of arrival, hazard curves, calculation of the hazard in the case of multiple sources, passage from rate curves to hazard curves, disaggregation, limit states and performance objectives, performance-return periods matrix, uniform risk in the performance-based approach.

Linear elastic single-degree-of-freedom systems: undamped free vibrations, damped free vibrations, logarithmic decrease of amplitude, forced vibrations with and without damping, resonance curve, dissipated energy, active and passive isolation of vibrations, elastic-linear single degree-of-freedom systems under harmonic forced vibration, elastic-linear single degree-of-freedom systems forced by a step function, response to the window function, impulse response, Duhamel integral, oscillations in the plastic range, the elastic-plastic oscillator; stiffness and strength degradation, dynamic equilibrium equations in the case of EPP systems; inclusion of ground acceleration in the equation of motion of a linear elastic single degree of freedom system; numerical integration algorithms: Wilson and Clough, Newmark.

Response spectra and design spectra: response spectra in terms of displacement, velocity and acceleration, pseudo-velocity and pseudo-acceleration spectra, spectral ordinates as measures of earthquake intensity, hazard in spectral acceleration, uniform hazard spectra and return period. Lumped-mass systems: matrix equation of motion, undamped system in free vibration, properties of the modes of vibration, Rayleigh ratio, equations of motion for systems with several masses with the deformability matrix, equations of motion in relative displacements, principal coordinates, proportional damping, non-proportional damping, elastic-linear lumped-mass systems masses acted-on by sinusoidal forces; dynamic loading due to support excitation, Holzer method, geometric non-linearity; static condensation of the stiffness matrix, principles of seismic isolation.

Seismic design principles: equal displacement rule; equal area rule; design spectra and linear static analysis, three-dimensional buildings, distribution of forces in static conditions (Engesser), centre of gravity of masses and elastic stiffness, extension of the equations of dynamic equilibrium to the case of three-dimensional structures, modal participation coefficients and effective masses.





Continuous systems: equation of motion and free vibration solution for the axially deformable beam and for the shear deformable beam, various cases of end constraint conditions, transverse oscillations of beam in bending, orthogonality of the eigenfunctions, vibration frequencies and eigenfunctions of the beams, modal analysis of continuous systems.

Objectives:

Students are expected to develop an understanding of the fundamental issues related to structural earthquake engineering. The course aims to provide students with the knowledge and basic methodological tools necessary to analyse the dynamic behaviour of structures. These tools will allow students to understand the causal connections between the physical-mechanical phenomenon and the general criteria adopted for the seismic design of structures.

Propaedeutic courses: none

Is propaedeutic for: none

Types of examinations and other tests:

Midterm exam (optional), written and oral final exam.





Course:		Teaching Language:
Structural engineering		English
SSD (Subject Areas): ICAR/09		CREDITS: 9
Course year: I	Type of Educ	cational Activity: D (Activity of chioce)
Teaching Methods in person		
Contents extracted from the SS	SD declaratory	consistent with the training objectives of the
course:	-	
Principles of structural safety and	l reliability behi	ind modern design codes; partial safety factors
for external actions and resistance	e in the structu	ral Eurocodes. Serviceability and ultimate limit
states.		
General properties of reinforced	concrete and st	tructural steel. Calculating support reactions,
sectional forces and deflections	for simple line	ear-elastic structural systems and frames under
static loading; calculating normal	and shear stres	sses according to beam theory.
Reinforced concrete; materials an	nd conceptual d	lesign. Design of reinforced concrete sections
		, flexure under compressive or tensile axial force
-	-	t shear and torsion; fundamentals of
-		beams, slabs, columns and footings; calculation
of deflections in cracked state an		•
		Resistance of cross-sections: tension,
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		combined actions; Buckling resistance of
		ons; Serviceability limit states for buildings.
Connecting devices: bolted connections, welded connections; Structural joints; Composite floo		connections; Structural joints; Composite floor
slabs.		
Objectives:	an dalar atrial and a	with a callel be down and an the final mentals a
the second s		with a solid background on the fundamentals o
e	-	and reliability, calculation of sectional forces fo
	typical frame structures, dimensioning of reinforced concrete and steel cross-sections ar	
members, design and limit-state checks of simple structures). Theoretical lectures will be closely		
ollowed by sessions focused on practical applications of the material taught, which will be in the form of design examples.		
Propaedeutics: none		
Is propaedeutic for: none		
Types of examinations and other	r tosts:	
Oral exam	18313.	





Course:	T	eaching Language:	
Structural Modelling		alian	
SSD (Subject Areas): ICAR/08		CREDITS: 9	
Course year:	Type of Educati	ional Activity: C (Related or supplementary)	
Teaching Methods: In-person.			
Contents extracted from the SS	D declaratory co	onsistent with the training objectives of the	
		s to address problems related to assessment of	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Itiphysical couplings, and to design of buildings,	
-		istrial engineering, architecture and design, as	
	-	eering and other applied sciences. The covered	
	topics concern statics, dynamics, equilibrium stability, fracture and fatigue mechanics and		
structural morphology.			
-		plex knowledge and engineering methods with	
applications to structural computa	tion.		
Propaedeuticities: none			
Is a propaedeuticity for: none			
Types of examinations and other	ests:		
Written and oral test with project	discussion.		





Course:	Teaching Lan	guage:	
Structural reliability	English	English	
SSD (Subject Areas): ICAR 09		CREDITS: 9	
Course year:	Type of Educational Activit	y: C (Related or supplementary)	
Teaching Methods: in-person			
Contents extracted from the	SD declaratory consistent wi	th the training objectives of the	
course:			
1. Fundamentals of proba	ity and statistics for structural	engineering	
2. Probabilistic and determ	nistic characterization of action	ns on structures	
3. Methods of structural a	3. Methods of structural analysis to evaluate safety and reliability		
Objectives:			
Applications of probability and	statistics for civil structures: o	characterization of natural actions	
(seismic, wind, floods, etc), modelling of uncertainty for structural materials, assumptions and			
methods of structural analyses			
Knowledge of methods to evalu			
Evaluation of risk of structures exposed to natural hazards (single and multiple hazards).			
Cost-benefit analysis for civil structures and infrastructure.			
Propaedeuticities: none			
Is a propaedeuticity for: none			
Types of examinations and oth	r tests:		
The type of examinations and c	ner tests is oral. Students are a	also requested to discuss a	
technical report based on assignment provided during the lectures.			





Course:	Teaching Lan	guage:
Theory and Design of Bridges	Italian or Eng	lish
SSD (Subject Areas): ICAR/09		CREDITS: 9
Course year: II	Type of Educational Activity: B (Characterising)	
Teaching Methods: in-person		
Contents extracted from the SS	D declaratory consistent w	ith the training objectives of the

course:

The aim of the course is to provide in-depth knowledge and advanced methodologies for bridge design and assessment. Bridge classification is illustrated, according to structural configuration of the superstructure and substructure and also construction method. Types of loads for design of bridge structures are classified. Girder type bridges are studied, considering decks with both prestressed reinforced concrete and composite steel-concrete girder cross-sections. The design theory of composite cross-sections and the role of construction stages on the performance of the bridge deck against SLS and ULS are explained. The role of the deck slab in the distribution of traffic loads, local effects induced by point loads and corresponding resisting mechanisms are introduced. The influence line theory, its application to road bridges and the role of transverse beams are taught. The fundamental principles of arch, curved girder, cable-stayed and suspension bridges are explained. Construction methods covered include conventional cast- inplace girder bridges, precast girder bridges, cantilever-constructed bridges and incrementally launched girder bridges. The role of bridges accessories, such as bearings, expansion joints and drainage details, is discussed. Structural dynamics of common bridge types are covered, along with a presentation of novel technologies for seismic protection, such as base isolation and energy dissipation devices. Fundamentals of bridge monitoring are explained including SHM, static and dynamic monitoring systems. Existing bridges are presented in terms of commonly encountered degradation phenomena, safety assessment procedures and available retrofit solutions.

Objectives:

The course provides the basic knowledge of bridge structural behaviour and modern construction methods and techniques. At the end of the course, students are expected to be able to successfully deal with the conceptual design phase of a bridge and to be able to process relevant information on the effects of external actions, in order to perform final design checks according to the semi-probabilistic limit states method. The aim of the course is to acquaint students with the basic methods and tools for design of new bridges and for assessment of existing ones. Homework assignments are expected to familiarize students with construction methods and techniques and modern

international structural design codes. Propaedeuticities: none

Is a propaedeuticity for: none





Types of examinations and other tests:

During the course, practical written homework and simple design applications will be assigned regarding the topics covered in the class. The final exam will be oral and will include the discussion of the assigned homework and design applications.





Course: Theory and design of reinforced concrete structures		Teaching Language: Italiian or English		
SSD (Subject Areas): ICA	R/09		CREDITS: 9	
Course year:	Type of E	ducational Activ	vity: B (Characterising)	
Teaching Methods: In-pe	erson			

Contents extracted from the SSD declaratory consistent with the training objectives of the course:

The course is focused on general principles and detailed procedures for the design of reinforced concrete (RC) buildings, with emphasis on seismic action. First, the methods of analysis for RC buildings under seismic action are illustrated, starting from the fundamentals of the dynamics of structures. Then, the nonlinear response of Single Degree Of Freedom systems is discussed, focusing on strength, stiffness and ductility concepts and introducing the behaviour factor approach. The conceptual design of RC buildings under seismic action is introduced, discussing the influence of aspects such as structural regularity. Then, Performance-Based Earthquake Engineering concepts are illustrated. Modern earthquake engineering principles, based on the capacity design approach, are introduced as well as seismic design rules. The hysteretic response of single structural members, such as beams, columns, and beam- column joints, is discussed, illustrating capacity models for strength and deformation capacity, and analyzing the influence of confinement on local ductility. Then, the detailed seismic design procedure is illustrated, from the application of capacity design concept to seismic detailing. During the course, reference is made to the principles inspiring the most advanced international building codes.

A project on the design of a RC frame building is assigned to the students and developed during the course.

Objectives:

This course strives to provide knowledge of the basic concepts regarding the fundamental principles of earthquake engineering and understanding of the modern approach to the seismic design of RC buildings. The students should be able to analyse simple moment-resisting frame RC structures, for design of new buildings, defining the actions and the structural model, applying a method of analysis, and carrying out safety checks at the Limit States of interest, complying with technical code provisions.

Propaedeuticities: none Is a propaedeuticity for: none

Types of examinations and other tests:

The exam will consist of an oral test, focused on the theoretical discussion of the issues analysed during the course, including the discussion of the project.





Course:	Teach	ing Language:
Theory and design of steel constructions		or English
SSD (Subject Areas): ICAR/09		CREDITS: 9
Course year: /	Type of Educationa	Activity: B (Characterising)
Teaching Methods: in-person		
Contents extracted from the SSD	declaratory consist	tent with the training objectives of the
course:		
Conceptual design of steel structur	es and verification of	resistance and stability
Objectives:		
1. To train the students about the theory and application of analysis and design of steel		
structures.		
2. To train the students to design st	eel structures agains	st gravity and seismic loadings.
3. To train the students to effectively use the standard formulas, tables, design aids, and		
computer software in the design ar	nd analysis of steel m	nembers.
Propaedeuticities: none		
Is a propaedeuticity for: none		
Types of examinations and other t	ests:	
Oral test		





Course:	Teaching Language:
Timber constructions	Italian
SSD: ICAR/09	CREDITS: 9
Course year: II	Type of Educational Activity: C (Related or supplementary)
Teaching Methods: in person	
Contents extracted from the SSI	declaratory consistent with the training objectives of the
course:	
Timber and timber based material	in constructions. Solid timber as structural material: physical
and mechanical features. Solid s	ructural timber grading according to strength and strength
grades. Glulam and CL timber: t	e production process, mechanical properties and strength
	rength checks of cross sections. Buckling check of structural
	ructural elements of particular shapes. Composite beams and
columns. Traditional carpentry	pints and joints with cylindrical metal fasteners. Timber
	nt structures. Ancient timber structures: structural safety
-	ntions compatible with conservation requirements. National
_	. Durability and protection issues. Behavior under fire. Design
of an industrial building made of ti	nber.
Objectives:	
Provide deep knowledge about t	e physical and mechanical features of timber as structural
material (both solid, glulam and CL	timber), the structural systems and safety evaluation, for new
and existing buildings, in the frame	vork of European and national standards.
Propaedeuticities: none	
Is a propaedeuticity for: none	
Types of examinations and other	ests:
Oral exam	





Course:	Teaching Language:	
Tunnels and Underground Structure	English	
SSD (Subject Areas): ICAR/07	CREDITS: 9	
Course year: II	ype of Educational Activity: C (Related or supplementary	/)
Teaching Methods: in person		
Contents extracted from the SSD	eclaratory consistent with the training objectives of	the
course:		
The course covers theoretical and a	oplied aspects concerning the analysis, design, construct	tion
and monitoring of excavations and u	nderground works.	
Objectives:		
The course aims to provide the nec	ssary knowledge for tunnel design. The following topics	aro
		arc
	of tunnel design; ground investigations necessary for	
presented and discussed: principle	of tunnel design; ground investigations necessary for	the
presented and discussed: principle definition of the geotechnical mod	of tunnel design; ground investigations necessary for el; stability requirements of the excavation; stresses	the and
presented and discussed: principle definition of the geotechnical mod deformations around a cavity in an	of tunnel design; ground investigations necessary for el; stability requirements of the excavation; stresses elastic and elasto-plastic medium; calculation methods	the and for
presented and discussed: principle definition of the geotechnical mod deformations around a cavity in an the first-phase lining and the final lin	of tunnel design; ground investigations necessary for el; stability requirements of the excavation; stresses elastic and elasto-plastic medium; calculation methods ing; methods for the evaluation of the surface displacem	the and for nent
presented and discussed: principle definition of the geotechnical mod deformations around a cavity in an the first-phase lining and the final lin field and the risk assessment proce	of tunnel design; ground investigations necessary for el; stability requirements of the excavation; stresses elastic and elasto-plastic medium; calculation methods ing; methods for the evaluation of the surface displacem dures associated with excavation in urban area (effects	the and for ent on
presented and discussed: principle definition of the geotechnical mod deformations around a cavity in an the first-phase lining and the final lin field and the risk assessment proce existing buildings and structures);	of tunnel design; ground investigations necessary for el; stability requirements of the excavation; stresses elastic and elasto-plastic medium; calculation methods ing; methods for the evaluation of the surface displacem dures associated with excavation in urban area (effects seismic actions on tunnels; basic knowledge to set u	the and for ent on p a
presented and discussed: principle definition of the geotechnical mod deformations around a cavity in an the first-phase lining and the final lin field and the risk assessment proce existing buildings and structures); monitoring plan during the const	of tunnel design; ground investigations necessary for el; stability requirements of the excavation; stresses elastic and elasto-plastic medium; calculation methods ing; methods for the evaluation of the surface displacem dures associated with excavation in urban area (effects seismic actions on tunnels; basic knowledge to set u uction and operation phases of the work. Some sin	the and for ent on p a
presented and discussed: principle definition of the geotechnical mod deformations around a cavity in an the first-phase lining and the final lin field and the risk assessment proce existing buildings and structures); monitoring plan during the const calculations concerning the above to	of tunnel design; ground investigations necessary for el; stability requirements of the excavation; stresses elastic and elasto-plastic medium; calculation methods ing; methods for the evaluation of the surface displacem dures associated with excavation in urban area (effects seismic actions on tunnels; basic knowledge to set u uction and operation phases of the work. Some sin	the and for ent on p a
presented and discussed: principle definition of the geotechnical mod deformations around a cavity in an the first-phase lining and the final lin field and the risk assessment proce existing buildings and structures); monitoring plan during the const	of tunnel design; ground investigations necessary for el; stability requirements of the excavation; stresses elastic and elasto-plastic medium; calculation methods ing; methods for the evaluation of the surface displacem dures associated with excavation in urban area (effects seismic actions on tunnels; basic knowledge to set u uction and operation phases of the work. Some sin	the and for ent on p a
presented and discussed: principle definition of the geotechnical mod deformations around a cavity in an the first-phase lining and the final lin field and the risk assessment proce existing buildings and structures); monitoring plan during the const calculations concerning the above to Propaedeuticities: none	of tunnel design; ground investigations necessary for el; stability requirements of the excavation; stresses elastic and elasto-plastic medium; calculation methods ing; methods for the evaluation of the surface displacen dures associated with excavation in urban area (effects seismic actions on tunnels; basic knowledge to set u uction and operation phases of the work. Some sin bics are carried out in the exercises.	the and for ent on p a